

## High Capacity Self-Aligning Linear Bushing - SUPERBALL

### **Higher Load Ratings and Travel Life**

Specially designed ball plate is made of Hardened steel, and the precisely ground groove is slightly larger than the ball size, which provides greater contact area between the ball and the ball plate. In addition, this design provides 3 times higher load ratings and 27 times longer travel life compared to conventional Linear Bushing.

### **Self-Alignment**

Ball plate has a convex shape to provide a pivot point at the center, which allows Self Alignment up to 0°.5. This Self Alignment capability eliminates any possibility of edge pressure caused by inaccurate machining, errors on mounting, or shaft deflection. Moreover, it obtains uniform load distribution and low friction motion.

### **Smooth and Silent Running**

SUPERBALL has extremely smooth running due to the uniquely designed ball retainer and the outer sleeve. They are made of Engineering Polymer, which has light weight, low friction, and high wear-resistance. Due to them, the smooth and silent running can be obtained..

Self-Aligning

### **Clearance Adjustment**

SUPERBALL's ball plates are designed to float in the outer sleeve. This allows clearance between the balls and shaft to be adjusted for the best application environment by using with the housing.

### Interchangeability

SUPERBALL is designed to be fully Interchangeable with conventional linear bushing.

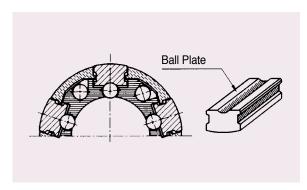


Fig3. Cross-section of SUPERBALL

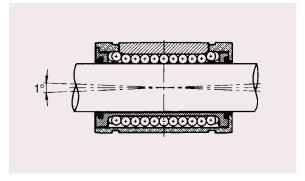


Fig4. SUPERBALL's self-alignment feature

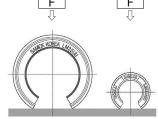
# Cost Effectiveness

#### Lower cost on installation

Self-Alignment feature can compensate the inaccurate machining of the base, so less installation time and cost can be obtained.

### Higher load rating and longer travel life

Compared to the same size conventional linear bushings, SUPPERBALL will offer higher load rating and longer travel life.



### **Reduction of material cost**

SUPERBALL's higher load rating enables the use of smaller components, and reducing material cost.

STANDARD SUPER BALL

### **Energy saving**

SUPERBALL is designed with lightweight, lower inertia, and low friction, so it enables the moving parts to have rapid motion with lower driving power.



Self-Aligning

SUPERBALL's load ratings give an influence to travel life with load direction, ball circuit orientation, and hardness of the shaft.

		Orientation of Balls	
No. of Ball Row	4 Row	5 Row	6 Row
Max. Load	F I	F	F
Equation	F = 1.41 × C	F = 1.46 × C	F = 1.26 × C
Min. Load	F	F	F
Equation	F = C	F = C	F = C

### Basic Dynamic load rating(C) and travel life

The travel life of a Linear Bushing is determined largely by the quality of the shaft. The Basic Dynamic load rating is maximum continuous load that can be applied to the Linear Bushing with 90% of reliability achieving after 50km operation under normal conditions. The nominal travel life can be calculated by follow equation.

$$L = \left[ \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{P} \right]^3 \times 50$$

$$L : \text{Nominal life (basis 50km, unit : km)}$$

$$L_{100} : \text{Nominal life (basis 100km, unit : km)}$$

$$L_{100} = \left[\frac{C_{100}}{D}\right]^3 \times 100$$

C : Basic dynamic load rating (basis : 50km, unit : N)

C : Basic dynamic load rating (basis : 100km, unit : N)

P : Applied load

Practically, other factors will affect the life as follows

$$L = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_c}{f_w} \times \frac{C}{P} \end{array}\right]^3 \times 50 & f_w & : Load factor \\ f_H & : Hardness factor \\ f_T & : Temperature factor \\ f_C & : Contact factor \end{array}$$

From the above equations, the stroke and frequency are constant, the Travel Life can be calculated by following equation

```
L_{h} = \frac{L \times 10^{6}}{2 \times \ell_{s} \times N_{\ell} \times 60}
L_{h} : Travel life(hour)
\ell_{s} : Stroke(mm)
N_{\ell} : Number of strokes per minute(cpm)
```

# **Examples of Calculation and Choosing a proper SUPERBALL**

The Maximum applied load and the travel life are the most important factor for choosing a proper Linear Bushing size. Below are the sample calculation of the expecting travel life and choosing of proper Linear Bushing size.

```
< Working conditions >
- Applied load
: 250N (P)
- Stroke
: 250mm (\ells)
- Shaft Hardness
: HnC60 (fH = 1.0)
- Operating speed
: 30m/min
```

Operating Speed V = 
$$2 \times \ell s \times N \ell$$
  
=  $2 \times 250 \times 60$   
=  $30,000$ mm/min ( $f_w = 1.6$ )

Other factors ( $f_C$ ,  $f_T$ ) are considered as 1.0

### Calculation of expected travel life

Since, basic dynamic load rating is based on travel life of 50km and assuming all other factors as 1.0, you can choose the Linear Bushing size that you can expected Travel life. Let's try LMES20UU with the above working conditions.

$$L = \left[ \frac{1.0 \times 1.0 \times 1.0}{1.6} \times \frac{2,580}{250} \right]^{3} \times 50$$

$$= 13,417 \text{ km}$$

$$L_h = \frac{13,417 \times 10^{6}}{2 \times 250 \times 60 \times 60}$$

$$= 7,454 \text{ hours}$$

### **Choosing proper Linear Bushing**

Let's assume our design travel life is 15,000hours,

L = 15,000 × 2 × 250 × 
$$10^{-6}$$
 × 60 × 60 = 27,000km  
C =  $\frac{250 \times 1.6}{1.0 \times 1.0 \times 1.0}$  ×  $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27,000}{50}}$  = 3,257N

Therefore, the proper SUPERBALL for above condition is LMES25UU which has 3800N as the Basic dynamic load rating.

Self-Aligning



### Housing

For SUPERBALL's application, Housing is required. Tolerance of Housing bore will affect the life and the accuracy of application. See the below Table However, if the tolerance of housing is H7, tight fitting can be occurred at both ends of outer- sleeves in case of LMES type

Table9. Housing and tight fitting

Part number(mm)	LMES10	LMES12	LMES16	LMES20	LMES25	LMES30	LMES40	LMES50	
Inner diameter(mm)	19	22	26	32	40	47	62	75	
Tolerance(H7)		+0.021 0			+0.025 0		+0.0+		
Part number(inch)	LMBS4	LMBS6	LMBS8	LMBS10	LMBS12	LMBS16	LMBS20	LMBS24	LMBS32
Inner diameter(inch)	0.5	0.625	0.875	1.125	1.25	1.5625	2	2.375	3
Tolerance(H7)	+0.0007 + 0			) )	+0.0				

### **LM Shaft**

Because the balls in SAMICK SUPERBALL as rolling elements are running directly on the shaft surface, the hardness, surface finish, and tolerance of shaft will largely affect on the traveling performance of SUPERBALL. The shaft must be manufactured with following conditions;

### 1) Hardness

The hardness must be HRC 58 to 64. The shaft with hardness less than HRC58 will lead decreasing of travel life and permissible load.

### 2) Surface Finishing

The surface finishing must be 1.6S or better for smooth operation.

### 3) Tolerance

The correct tolerance of the shaft diameter is recommended. See the below table.

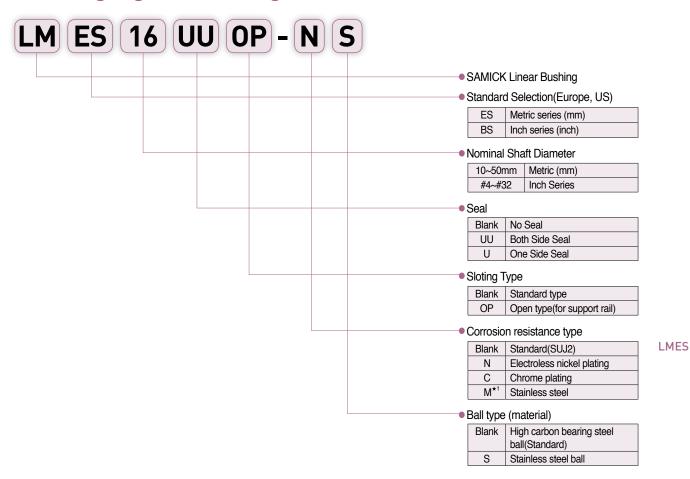
Table 10. Shaft and tight fitting

Part	number (mm)	LMES10	LMES12	LMES16	LMES20	LMES25	LMES30	LMES40	LMES50	
Dia	ameter (mm)	10	12	16	20	25	30	40	50	
Tole	erance (h6)	0-0.009	0 -0.011	0 -0.011	0 -0.013	0 -0.013	0 -0.013	0 -0.016	0 -0.016	
Pa	rt number (inch)	LMBS4	LMBS6	LMBS8	LMBS10	LMBS12	LMBS16	LMBS20	LMBS24	LMBS32
Diar	meter (inch)	0.25	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	1.000	1.250	1.500	2.000
Tole	erance (g6)	-0.0002 -0.0006	-0.0002 -0.0006	-0.0002 -0.0007	-0.0002 -0.0007	-0.0003 -0.0008	-0.0003 -0.0008	-0.0004 -0.0010	-0.0004 -0.0010	-0.0004 -0.0012

Self-Aligning

# PART NUMBER NOTATION

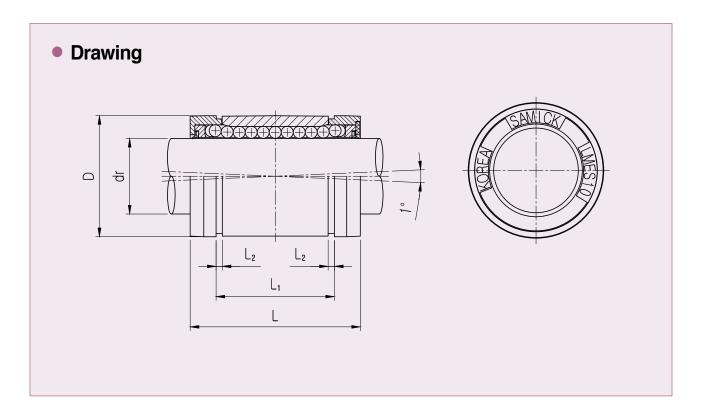
### Self-aligning Linear Bushing



★1 LMES10·12, LMBS4·6·8 Only

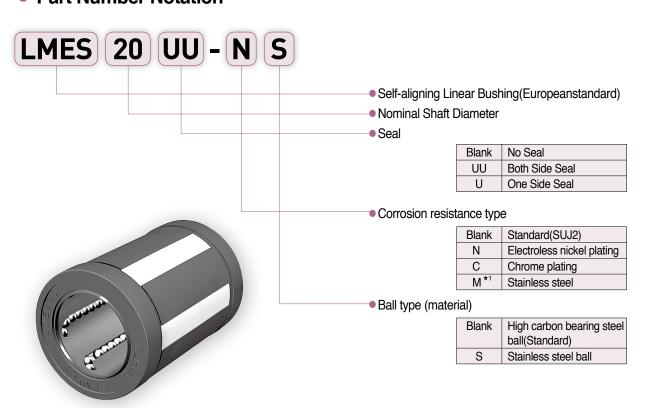


## LMES Self-Aligning Linear Bushing



LMES

### Part Number Notation



★1 LMES 10·12 Only

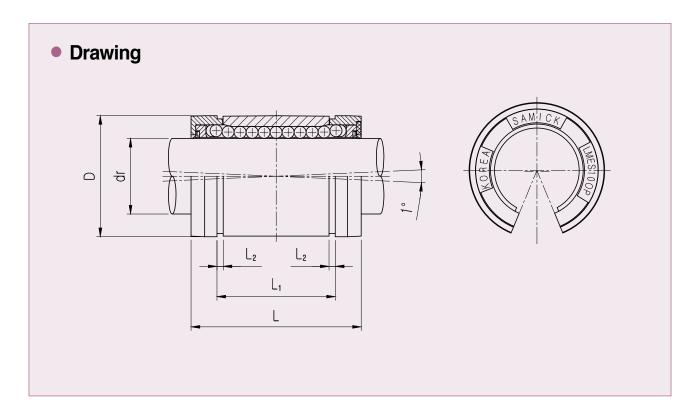
# LMES Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

	wo	WORKING dr.		L	Lı	L <sub>2</sub>		LOAD NG(N)	NO. OF	
PART NUMBER	dr. (mm)	BORE DIAMETER CLEARANCE	mm	±0.2	±0.2	min	DYNAMIC (C)*2	STATIC (Co)	BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMES10UU	10	+0.008	19	29	21.7	1.35	750	550	5	17
LMES12UU	12	0	22	32	22.7	1.35	1230	1100	5	23
LMES16UU	16	+0.009	26	36	24.7	1.35	1550	1250	5	28
LMES20UU	20	+0.001	32	45	31.3	1.65	2580	1670	6	61
LMES25UU	25	+0.011	40	58	43.8	1.90	3800	2750	6	122
LMES30UU	30	+0.001	47	68	51.8	1.90	4710	2800	6	185
LMES40UU	40	+0.013	62	80	60.4	2.20	6500	5720	6	360
LMES50UU	50	+0.002	75	100	77.4	2.70	11460	7940	6	580

LMES

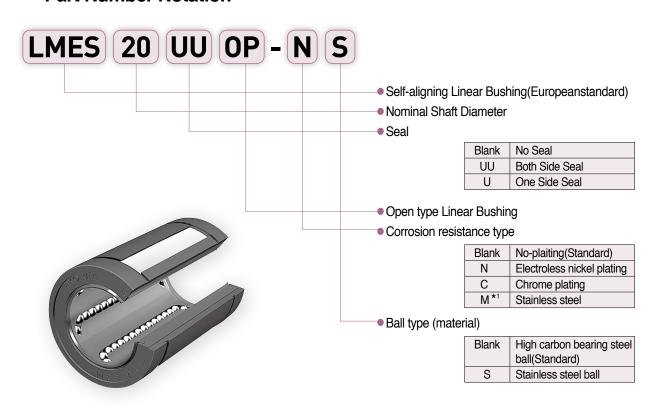
- ★1 Based on nominal housing bore
- ★2 Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divide by 1.26
  - Ex) 50km basis dynamic load rating of LMES12 C= 1230N
    - 100km basis dynamic load rating of LMES12  $C_{100} = 1230 / 1.26 = 976.20N$
- ★3 Main unit: mm
- ★4 LMES10, LMES12 only with stainless steel ball plate
- **★**5 1N ≒0.102kgf

## LMES OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing



LMES-OP

### Part Number Notation

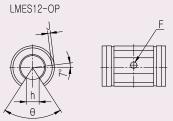


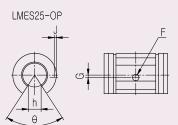
★1 LMES12 OP Only

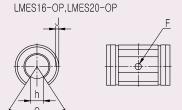
# LMES\_OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

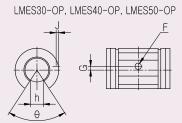
DADT	W	ORKING dr.	D*1	L	Lı	<b>L</b> 2						BASIC I RATIN		NO. OF	WEIGHT
PART NUMBER	dr. (mm)	BORE DIAMETER CLEARANCE	mm	±0.2	±0.2	min	h	θ	F	G	J	DYNAMIC (C)*2	STATIC (Co)	BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMES12UU OP	12	+0.008	22	32	22.7	1.35	6.5	66	3	-	0.7	1290	1260	4	18
LMES16UU OP	16	+0.009	26	36	24.7	1.35	9	68	3	-	0.7	1640	1320	4	22
LMES20UU OP	20	+0.001	32	45	31.3	1.65	9	55	3	-	0.9	2630	1720	5	51
LMES25UU OP	25	+0.011	40	58	43.8	1.90	11.5	57	3	1.5	1.4	3910	2850	5	102
LMES30UU OP	30	+0.001	47	68	51.8	1.90	14	57	3	2.0	2.2	4850	2900	5	155
LMES40UU OP	40	+0.013	62	80	60.4	2.20	19.5	56	3	1.5	2.7	6700	5900	5	300
LMES50UU OP	50	+0.002	75	100	77.4	2.70	22.5	54	5	2.5	2.3	11700	8100	5	480

\* Fixing hole position





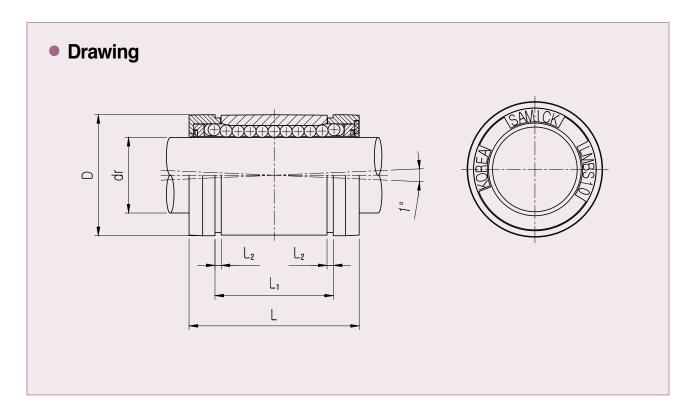




- ★1 Based on nominal housing bore
- ★2 Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divide by 1.26
  - Ex) 50km basis dynamic load rating of LM12 C= 1290N
    - 100km basis dynamic load rating of LM12  $C_{100}$ = 1290 / 1.26 =1023.80N
- ★3 Main unit: mm
- ★4 LMES10, LMES12 only with stainless steel ball plate
- **★**5 1N ≒0.102kgf

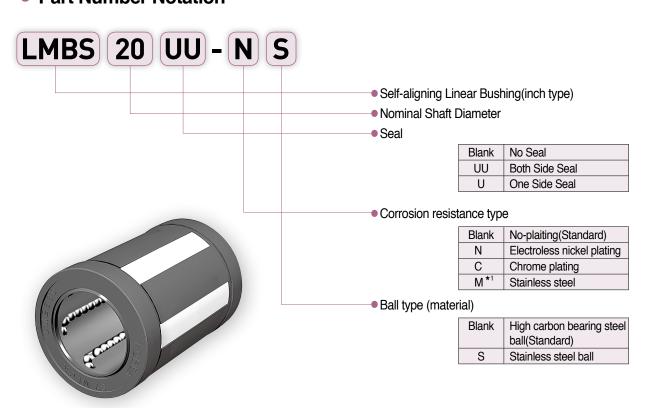
LMES-0P

## LMBS Self-Aligning Linear Bushing



LMBS

### Part Number Notation



★1 LMBS 4·6·8 Only

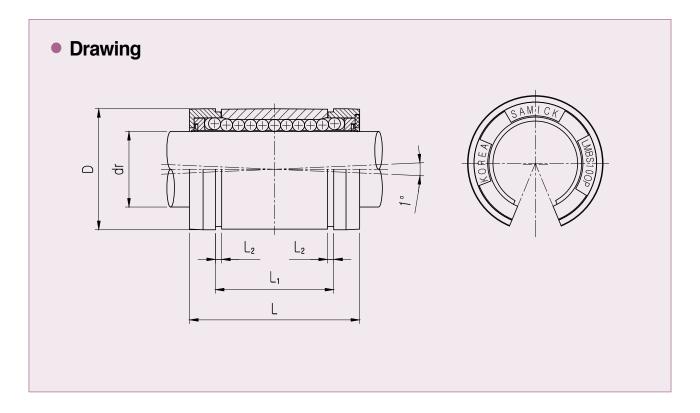
# LMBS Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

PART	WOR	KING dr.	D*1			<b>L</b> 2	BASIC RATIN	-	NO. OF	WEIGHT
NUMBER	dr. (inch)	BORE DIAMETER CLEARANR	inch	L	L <sub>1</sub>	min	DYNAMIC (C)*2	STATIC (Co)	BALL	(gf)
LMBS4UU	0.2500		0.5000	0.750/0.735	0.511/0.501	0.039	57	49	4	0.01
LMBS6UU	0.3750		0.6250	0.875/0.860	0.699/0.689	0.039	78	66	4	0.02
LMBS8UU	0.5000	0	0.8750	1.250/1.230	1.032/1.012	0.050	210	190	4	0.05
LMBS10UU	0.6250	-0.0005	1.1250	1.500/1.480	1.105/1.095	0.056	290	340	5	0.08
LMBS12UU	0.7500		1.2500	1.625/1.605	1.270/1.250	0.056	500	430	6	0.14
LMBS16UU	1.0000		1.5625	2.250/2.230	1.884/1.864	0.070	820	780	6	0.29
LMBS20UU	1.2500	0	2.0000	2.625/2.600	2.004/1.984	0.068	1240	1270	6	0.40
LMBS24UU	1.5000	-0.0006	2.3750	3.000/2.970	2.410/2.390	0.086	1510	1540	6	0.80
LMBS32UU	2.0000	0 -0.0008	3.0000	4.000/3.960	3.193/3.163	0.105	2230	2580	6	1.38

LMBS

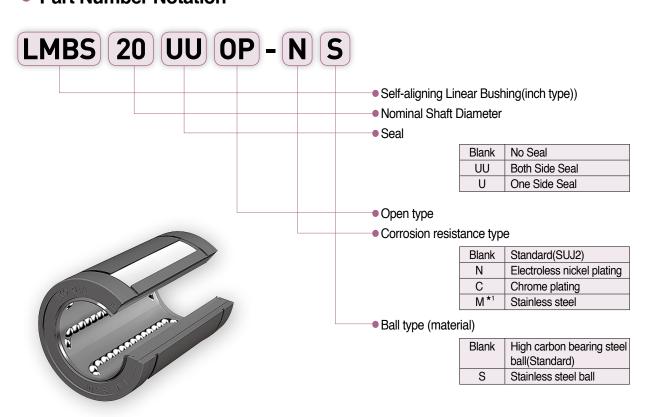
- ★1 Based on nominal housing bore
- ★2 Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26
  - Ex) 50km basis dynamic load rating of LM12 C = 500  $\ell$  bf
    - 100km basis dynamic load rating of LM12  $C_{\text{100}}$  = 500 / 1.26 = 396.83  $\ell$  bf
- ★3 Main unit : inch
- ★4 LMBS4, 6, 8 only with stainless steel ball plate
- ★5 1  $\ell$  bf = 0.453kgf

## LMBS\_OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing



LMBS-OP

### Part Number Notation



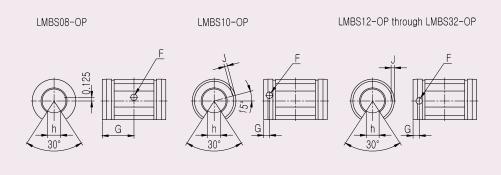
★1 LMBS8 OP type only

# LMBS\_OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

PART	WORKING dr.		D*1						<b>L</b> 2		BASIC I		NO. OF	WEIGHT
NUMBER	dr. (inch)	BORE DIAMETER CLEARANR	inch	L	Lı	F	G	J	min	h	DYNAMIC (C)*2	STATIC (Co)	BALL CIRCUIT	(gf)
LMBS8UU OP	0.5000		0.8750	1.250/1.230	1.032	0.14	0.63	Thru	0.050	0.32	210	190	3	0.03
LMBS10UU OP	0.6250	0	1.1250	1.500/1.480	1.105	0.11	0.13	0.039	0.056	0.38	320	340	4	0.06
LMBS12UU OP	0.7500	-0.0005	1.2500	1.625/1.605	1.270	0.14	0.13	0.059	0.056	0.43	510	430	5	0.11
LMBS16UU OP	1.0000		1.5625	2.250/2.230	1.884	0.14	0.13	0.047	0.070	0.56	830	780	5	0.21
LMBS20UU OP	1.2500	0	2.0000	2.625/2.600	2.004	0.20	0.19	0.090	0.068	0.63	1250	1270	5	0.35
LMBS24UU OP	1.5000	-0.0006	2.3750	3.000/2.970	2.410	0.20	0.19	0.090	0.086	0.75	1520	1540	5	0.67
LMBS32UU OP	2.0000	0 -0.0008	3.0000	4.000/3.960	3.193	0.27	0.31	Thru	0.105	1.00	2250	2580	5	1.10

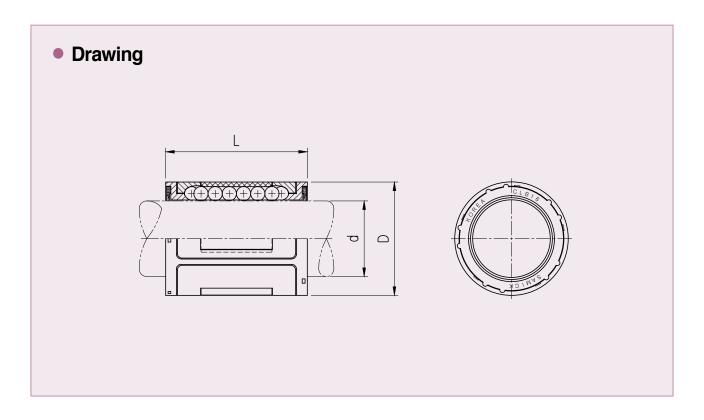
\* Fixing hole position

LMBS-0P



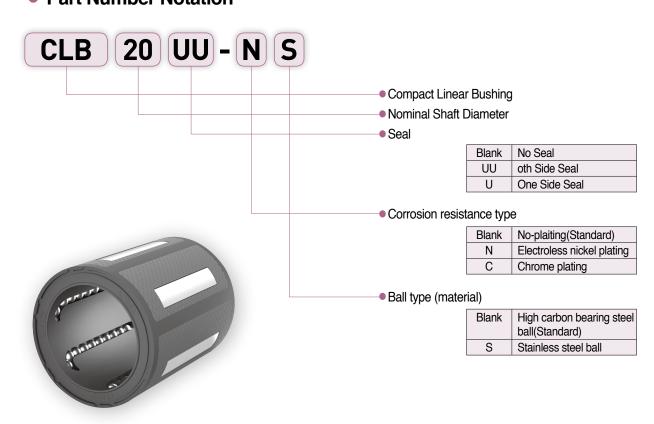
- ★1 Based on nominal housing bore
- ★2 Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26
  - Ex) 50km basis dynamic load rating of LMBS12 C = 510  $\ell$  bf 100km basis dynamic load rating of LMBS12 C<sub>100</sub> = 510 / 1.26 = 404.76  $\ell$  bf
- ★3 Main unit : inch
- ★4 LMBS8 OP only with stainless steel ball plate
- ★5 1  $\ell$  bf = 0.453kgf

### **CLB** Compact Linear Bushing



CLB

### Part Number Notation



## **CLB** Compact Linear Bushing

Shaft	Part N	umber	No. OF BALL	DIME	NSION	_	NGBORE ETER	BASIC LOAD RATING(N)*2	
Diameter d(mm)	Without Seal	With Seal	CIRCUIT	D*1 (mm)	L(mm) ±0.2	dr(mm)	CLEARAN CE(µm)	DYNAMIC (C)	STATIC (Co)
12	CLB12	CLB12UU	4	19	28	12	+9 -1	480	385
14	CLB14	CLB14UU	5	21	28	14	+9 -1	640	440
16	CLB16	CLB16UU	5	24	30	16	+9 -1	925	625
20	CLB20	CLB20UU	6	28	30	20	+9 -1	1165	790
25	CLB25	CLB25UU	6	35	40	25	+11 -1	2100	1370
30	CLB30	CLB30UU	6	40	50	30	+11 -1	2870	2100
40	CLB40	CLB40UU	7	52	60	40	+13 -2	5200	4100
50	CLB50	CLB50UU	8	62	70	50	+13 -2	6620	5600

CLB

100km basis dynamic load rating of CLB12  $C_{100} = 480 / 1.26 = 380.95N$ 

<sup>★1</sup> Based on nominal housing bore

<sup>★2</sup> Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) 50km basis dynamic load rating of CLB12 C = 480N

<sup>★3</sup> Main unit:mm

<sup>★4 1</sup>N= 0.102kgf